

Find all natural numbers belonging to the segment [35,000,000; 40,000,000], which have exactly five different odd divisors (the number of even divisors can be any). In the answer, list the numbers found in ascending order

```
void oddDivisor(int number, int secondNum) {
    int count; // counts number of divisors
    for (int i = number; i <= secondNum; i++) { // first loop for checking numbers between the two given
        count = 0; // starts counter at 0 inside first loop
        for (int j = 1; j <= i; j++) { // second loop looks at each number's divisors for odd
            if (i % j == 0 && j % 2 != 0 ) { // checks if divisor is divisor & odd
                count++;
            }
        }
        if (count == 5) {
            std::cout << i << std::endl;
        }
    }
}
```

135/3=45 counter++
 45/3=15 counter++
 15/3=5 counter++
 5 odd counter++
1, 3, 5, 9, 15, 27, 45, 135

324

1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 12, 18, 27, 36, 54, 81, 108, 162, 324

2*2*3*3*3*3

729

81=3^4
162=2*3^4
324=4*3^4
625=5^4
648=8*3^4

number=2^k*prime^4

3*5
 1,3,5,3*5 - 4 odd devisors
 3*3*5
 1,3,3*3,5,3*5 -6 odd devisors
 7*7*7*7*2^p
 1,7,7*7,7*7*7,7*7*7*7 -5 odd devisors

```
void betterOddDivisor(int number, int secondNum) {
    int temp;
    int counter;
    int flag;
    int flagBreak;
    for (int k = number; k <= secondNum; k++) {
        temp = k;
        counter = 0;
        double root = sqrt(temp);
        flag = 0;
        flagBreak = 0;
        for (int i = 2; i <= root; i++) {
            if (temp % i == 0) {
                if (i % 2 != 0) {
                    if (flag == 0) {
                        flag = i;
                        counter++; // starts counting 1st odd divisor instance
                    }
                    else if (i != flag) {
                        flagBreak = 1;
                        break; // this stops the 'for' loop, not just the 'ifs' (encountered a different odd divisor)
                    }
                    else if (i == flag) {
                        counter++; // encountered another odd divisor similar to 1st instance
                    }
                }
                temp = temp / i;
                root = sqrt(temp);
                i--;
            }
        }
        if (flagBreak == 0) {
            if (temp % 2 != 0) { // adds last encounter of the divisor for the '5th' count
                if (temp == flag) {
                    counter++;
                }
                else if (temp != flag) {
                    flagBreak = 1;
                }
            }
        }
        if (flagBreak == 0) {
            if (counter == 4) {
                std::cout << k << std::endl;
            }
        }
    }
}
```