



Для решения нижеизложенных уравнений да помогут вам 2-е великие формулы

$$(x + y)^2 = x^2 + 2xy + y^2$$

$$x^2 - y^2 = (x + y)(x - y)$$

$$1) x^2 + 2 * x + 1 = 0$$

$$2) x^2 - 6 * x + 9 = 0$$

$$3) x^2 - 10 * x + 25 = 0$$

$$4) x^2 - 10 * x + 16 = 0$$

$$5) x^2 - 10 * x + 34 = 0$$

$$6) x^2 - 10 * x + 10 = 0$$

$$7) 4x^2 - 12 * x + 9 = 0$$

$$8) 25x^2 - 10 * x + 10 = 0$$

$$9) 16x^2 - 24 * x + 10 = 0$$

$$10) 2x^2 - 8 * x + 8 = 0$$

$$11) 2x^2 - 12 * x + 18 = 0$$

$$12) 27x^2 - 18 * x + 12 = 0$$

$$13) 4x^2 - 24 * x + 36 = 0$$

$$14) 4x^2 - 24 * x + 20 = 0$$

$$15) 3x^2 - 12 * x - 4 = 0$$

$$16) 3x^2 - 15 * x - 4 = 0$$

$$17) 3x^2 - 15 * x - 27 = 0$$

$$18) (!!!)(*) a * x^2 + b * x + c = 0$$

$$16x^2 - 24x + 10 = 0$$

$$(4x)^2 - 2(4x)3 + 3^2 + 1 = 0$$

$$(4x-3)^2 + 1 = 0$$

нету решений

$$10) 2x^2 - 8 * x + 8 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 4 * x + 4 = 0$$

$$(x-2)^2 = 0$$

$$x-2=0$$

$$x=2$$

$$11) 2x^2 - 12 * x + 18 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 6 * x + 9 = 0$$

$$(x-3)^2 = 0$$

$$(x-3)=0$$

$$x=3$$

$$12) 27x^2 - 18 * x + 12 = 0$$

$$9x^2 - 6x + 4 = 0$$

$$(3x)^2 - 2(3x)*1 + 1^2 + 3 = 0$$

$$(3x-1)^2 + 3 = 0$$

нет решений

$$13) 4x^2 - 24 * x + 36 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 9 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 3x^2 + 3^2 = 0$$

$$(x-3)^2 = 0$$

$$x = 3$$

$$14) 4x^2 - 24 * x + 20 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 5 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 2x^3 + 3^2 - 4 = 0$$

$$(x-3)^2 - 4 = 0$$

$$(x-3)^2 - 2^2 = 0$$

$$((x-3)+2)((x-3)-2) = 0$$

$$(x-3+2)(x-3-2) = 0$$

$$(x-1)(x-5) = 0$$

$$x=1 \text{ or } x=5$$

$$15) 3x^2 - 12 * x - 4 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 4x - 4/3 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 2(x)2 + 2^2 - 2^2 - 4/3 = 0$$

$$(x-2)^2 - 4 - 4/3 = 0$$

$$(x-2)^2 - 12/3 - 4/3 = 0$$

$$(x-2)^2 - 16/3 = 0$$

$$(x-2)^2 - (\sqrt{16/3})^2 = 0$$

$$(x-2)^2 - (4/\sqrt{3})^2 = 0$$

$$((x-2)+4/\sqrt{3})((x-2)-4/\sqrt{3}) = 0$$

$$(x-2+4/\sqrt{3})(x-2-4/\sqrt{3}) = 0$$

$$(x-2+4/\sqrt{3})=0 \text{ or } (x-2-4/\sqrt{3})=0$$

$$x = 2-4/\sqrt{3} \quad x=2+4/\sqrt{3}$$

$$16) 3x^2 - 15 * x - 4 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 5 * x - 4/3 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 2x*5/2 + (5/2)^2 - (5/2)^2 - 4/3 = 0$$

$$(x-(5/2))^2 - 25/4 - 4/3 = 0$$

$$(x-(5/2))^2 - 75/12 - 16/12 = 0$$

$$(x-(5/2))^2 - 91/12 = 0$$

$$(x-(5/2))^2 - \sqrt{91/12}^2 = 0$$

$$((x-(5/2)) - \sqrt{91/12})((x-(5/2)) + \sqrt{91/12}) = 0$$

$$(x-(5/2) - \sqrt{91/12})(x-(5/2) + \sqrt{91/12}) = 0$$

$$(x-(5/2) - \sqrt{91/12}) = 0 \text{ or } (x-(5/2) + \sqrt{91/12}) = 0$$

$$x=5/2 + \sqrt{91/12} \quad x=(5/2) - \sqrt{91/12}$$

$$17) 3x^2 - 15 * x - 27 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 5 * x - 9 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 2(x)5/2 + (5/2)^2 - (5/2)^2 - 9 = 0$$

$$(x-5/2)^2 - (25/4) - 9 = 0$$

$$(x-5/2)^2 - 25/4 - 36/4 = 0$$

$$(x-5/2)^2 - \sqrt{61/4}^2 = 0$$

$$((x-5/2) - \sqrt{61/4})((x-5/2) + \sqrt{61/4}) = 0$$

$$(x-5/2 - \sqrt{61/2})(x-5/2 + \sqrt{61/2}) = 0$$

$$(x-5/2 - \sqrt{61/2}) = 0 \text{ or } (x-5/2 + \sqrt{61/2}) = 0$$

$$x = 5/2 + \sqrt{61/2} \quad x = 5/2 - \sqrt{61/2}$$

$$x = (5 + \sqrt{61})/2 \quad x = (5 - \sqrt{61})/2$$