

$$6) \frac{24x}{(2x^2-3x+4)} = \frac{12x}{(x^2+x+2)} + 5$$

$$\frac{24}{(2x-3+4/x)} = \frac{12}{(x+1+2/x)} + 5$$

$$x+2/x=y$$

$$\frac{24}{(2y-3)} - \frac{12}{(y+1)} - 5 = 0$$

$$(24(y+1) - 12(2y-3) - 5(2y-3)(y+1)) / (2y-3)(y+1) = 0$$

$$(24y+24 - 24y+36 - 10y^2 + 5y + 15) / (2y-3)(y+1) = 0$$

$$(-10y^2 + 5y + 75) / (2y-3)(y+1) = 0$$

$$10y^2 - 5y - 75 = 0$$

$$2y^2 - y - 15 = 0$$

$$D=1+120=121$$

$$y_1=(1-11)/4=-10/4=-5/2$$

$$y_2=(1+11)/4=3$$

$$x+2/x+5/2=0$$

$$2x^2+5x+4=0$$

$$D=25-32=-7$$

$$x+2/x-3=0$$

$$x^2-3x+2=0$$

$$x_1=2$$

$$x_2=1$$

Ответ: 2; 1

$$6.5) \frac{4x}{(x^2+x+3)} + \frac{5x}{(x^2-5x+3)} + \frac{3}{2} = 0$$

$$\frac{4}{(x+1+3/x)} + \frac{5}{(x-5+3/x)} + \frac{3}{2} = 0$$

$$x+3/x=z$$

$$\frac{4}{(z+1)} + \frac{5}{(z-5)} + \frac{3}{2} = 0$$

$$(4*2(z-5) + 5*2(z+1) + 3(z+1)(z-5)) / 2(z-1)(z+5) = 0$$

$$(8z-40 + 10z+10 + 3z^2 - 15z + 3z-15) / 2(z-1)(z+5) = 0$$

$$(3z^2 + 6z - 45) / 2(z-1)(z+5) = 0$$

$$3z^2 + 6z - 45 = 0$$

$$z_1 = -5$$

$$z_2 = 3$$

$$x^2 + 5x + 3 = 0$$

$$D=25-12=13$$

$$x_1=(-5+\sqrt{13})/2$$

$$x_2=(-5-\sqrt{13})/2$$

$$x^2 - 3x + 3 = 0$$

$$D=9-12=-3$$

Ответ:  $(-5+\sqrt{13})/2; (-5-\sqrt{13})/2$

